MINISTRY OF CULTURE

DEMAND NO. 19

Ministry of Culture

A. The Budget allocations, net of recoveries, are given below:

		, -	(In crores of Rupees								Rupees)
			Budget 2009-2010		Revised 2009-2010			Budget 2010-2011			
	Maj	or Head	Plan	, Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total		Non-Plan	Total
	Revenue		663.90	576.00	1239.90	584.90	624.00	1208.90	692.00	503.00	1195.00
	Capital		36.10		36.10	45.10		45.10	43.00		43.00
	Total		700.00	576.00	1276.00	630.00	624.00	1254.00	735.00	503.00	1238.00
1.	Secretariat-Social Services	2251	3.40	19.00	22.40	2.80	18.64	21.44	3.40	16.95	20.35
Art &	Culture										
	notion of Art and Culture										
2.	Zonal Cultural Centres	2205	14.00		14.00	12.75		12.75	14.00		14.00
3.	Sangeet Natak Akademi	2205	11.50	8.30	19.80	12.20	8.91	21.11	11.50	7.10	18.60
4.	Lalit Kala Akademi	2205	6.00	5.80	11.80	4.85	6.58	11.43	7.00	6.15	13.15
5.	Sahitya Akademi	2205	10.50	6.00	16.50	6.30	7.39	13.69	10.50	6.30	16.80
6.	Festivals of India	2205		4.10	4.10		3.86	3.86		4.10	4.10
7.	Indira Gandhi National	0005	05.00		05.00	05.00		05.00	05.00		05.00
0	Centre for Arts	2205	25.00		25.00	25.00		25.00	25.00		25.00
8.	National School of Drama	2205	13.00	7.60	20.60	12.55	7.91	20.46	13.00	6.80	19.80
9. 10.	National Gallery of Modern Art	2205 2205	7.00	3.80	10.80	5.30	3.90	9.20	7.00	3.85	10.85 15.70
10. 11.	The Asiatic Society, Kolkata Centre for Cultural Resources	2205	21.00	7.60	28.60	10.50	8.84	19.34	8.00	7.70	15.70
11.	and Training	2205	10.00	2.95	12.95	13.90	3.07	16.97	10.00	3.13	13.13
12.	Dance, Drama and Theatre	2205	10.00	2.95	12.95	13.90	5.07	10.97	10.00	5.15	15.15
12.	Ensembles	2205	16.00	1.50	17.50	24.50	1.42	25.92	25.00	1.55	26.55
13.	Gandhi Peace Prize	2205		1.50	1.50		1.48	1.48	20.00	1.55	1.55
14.	National Culture Fund	2205	0.50		0.50	0.01		0.01	0.01		0.01
15.	Centenaries/Anniversary		0100		0.00	0.01		0.0.	0.01		0.0.
	Celebrations										
15.01	. Celebration of Birth Centenary										
	of Lal Bahadur Shastri	2205		0.21	0.21		0.20	0.20	2.00	0.05	2.05
15.02	2. Celebration of 150th										
	Anniversary of First war of	2205		10.00	10.00		9.50	9.50	10.00	1.00	11.00
	Independance, 1857										
15.03. Celebration of 2550th Anniversary											
	of the Mahaparinirvana	2205		0.50	0.50		0.47	0.47		0.45	0.45
	of Lord Buddha										
15.04. Financial Support for											
	Khalsa Heritage Project	2205	11.50		11.50	7.00		7.00	8.00		8.00
		Total	11.50	10.71	22.21	7.00	10.17	17.17	20.00	1.50	21.50
16.	Others	2205	80.68	86.81	167.49	66.57	83.99	150.56	130.55	35.96	166.51
	-Promotion of Art and Culture		226.68	146.67	373.35	201.43	147.52	348.95	281.56	85.69	367.25
Archaeology, Archives and Museums											
17. <i>F</i>	Archaeological Survey of India.	2205	111.00	267.70	378.70	127.00	299.11	426.11	121.00*		380.90
		3601		1.00	1.00		0.09	0.09		0.10	0.10
40 N	ational Archives of India	Total	111.00	268.70	379.70	127.00	299.20	426.20	121.00	260.00	381.00
18.11	ational Archives of India.	2205	3.75	16.00	19.75	3.30	15.77	19.07	4.55	14.50	19.05
		3601 3602	0.65 0.10		0.65 0.10	0.40 0.05		0.40 0.05	0.40 0.05		0.40 0.05
		Total	<i>4.50</i>	 16.00	20.50	3.75	 15.77	19.52	5.00	 14.50	19.50
19.	National Museum	2205	10.00	8.92	18.92	7.50	8.74	16.24	10.00	7.75	17.75
20.	National Council of Science	2205	10.00	0.32	10.52	7.50	0.74	10.24	10.00	1.15	11.15
20.	Museums	2205	20.00	23.50	43.50	18.20	34.92	53.12	21.00	24.25	45.25
21.	Science Cities	2205	19.28		19.28	9.30		9.30	12.00		12.00
22.	Anthropological Survey of India	2205	10.50	 16.00	26.50	9.75	18.69	28.44	10.50	 16.25	26.75
23	Nehru Memorial Museum and										
-	Library, New Delhi	2205	4.00	9.20	13.20	9.80	10.33	20.13	5.26	9.30	14.56
24.	Indian Museum, Kolkata	2205	29.00	6.25	35.25	9.50	6.19	15.69	12.00	5.95	17.95
25.	Salar Jung Museum, Hyderabad	2205	15.00	8.40	23.40	14.80	8.84	23.64	10.00	8.45	18.45
								l	No 10	/ Ministry	of Culture

									(In crores of Rupees)		
			Budg	get 2009-	2010	Revised 2009-2010			Budget 2010-2011		
	Ma	ajor Head	Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan I	Non-Plan	Total
26.	Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav										
	Sangrahalaya, Bhopal	2205	9.50	3.00	12.50	8.45	2.91	11.36	9.50	2.90	12.40
27.	Other Programmes	2205	54.84	8.83	63.67	31.72	9.77	41.49	40.63	8.84	49.47
Tota	Il- Archaeology, Archives										
and Museums		287.62	368.80	656.42	249.77	415.36	665.13	256.89	358.19	615.08	
Libraries											
28.	National Library, Kolkata	2205	18.50	21.00	39.50	14.65	20.63	35.28	15.00	21.50	36.50
29.	Delhi Public Library	2205	4.00	10.65	14.65	5.80	11.58	17.38	5.00	10.70	15.70
30.	Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library	2205	28.50	3.00	31.50	31.50	3.15	34.65	30.00	2.90	32.90
31.	Other Libraries	2205	23.00	6.23	29.23	14.45	6.50	20.95	25.85	6.42	32.27
		3601	2.20	0.65	2.85	1.50	0.62	2.12	0.80	0.65	1.45
		Total	25.20	6.88	32.08	15.95	7.12	23.07	26.65	7.07	33.72
Total-Libraries		76.20	41.53	117.73	67.90	42.48	110.38	76.65	42.17	118.82	
North-Eastern Areas											
32.	Provision for Projects/Schemes										
	for the benefit of North Eastern										
	Areas and Sikkim										
32.01 Project/Schemes for promotion											
	of Art & Culture	2552	47.59		47.59	44.30		44.30	53.24		53.24
32.02 Archaeology, Archives &											
	Museums	2552	17.81		17.81	14.47		14.47	15.66		15.66
32.0	3 Libraries	2552	4.60		4.60	4.23		4.23	4.60		4.60
~~		Total	70.00		70.00	63.00		63.00	73.50		73.50
33.	Building Projects of the	1000				1= 10		1= 10	40.00		40.00
	attached/subordinate	4202	36.10		36.10	45.10		45.10	43.00		43.00
-	offices by Ministry of Culture			FFT 00	4050.00	0.07.00		4000 50	704.00	400.05	4047.05
Total-Art &Culture <i>Grand Total</i>		696.60		1253.60	627.20		1232.56	731.60	486.05	1217.65	
Gra	na lotal		700.00	576.00	1276.00	630.00	624.00	1254.00	735.00	503.00	1238.00
* It includes Rs. 8.00 Crores as EAP Component											
C.	Plan Outlay	Head of	Budget	IEBR	Total	Budget	IEBR	Total	Budget	IEBR	Total
0.	Than Outlay	Dev	Support	ILDIX	TOLAI	Support	ILDIN	TOLAI	Support	ILDIX	TOldi
1.	Art and Culture	22205	626.60		626.60	564.20		564.20	658.10		658.10
2.	Secretariat - Social Services	22251	3.40		3.40	2.80		2.80	3.40		3.40
3.	North-Eastern Areas	22552	70.00		70.00	63.00		63.00	73.50		73.50
		Total	700.00		700.00	630.00		630.00	735.00		735.00

1. Secretariat Social Service: (i) Provides for expenditure for salary and allied items on Secretariat of the Ministry. The provision is also for schemes under modernization and information technology development in the Ministry and the Central Secretariat Library.

(ii) **Central Secretariat Library (CSL)**, Ministry of Culture is one of the biggest Government libraries in terms of document resources especially in Area Studies and Indian Official Documents. As on date the collection of CSL complex is about 7.05 lakh books. The bibliographical details of the holdings of CSL are available in the machine readable format. Eighteen lakh seventy five thousand of digitized pages of Gazette of India documents w.e.f. 1950-2008 are available online for the users. In addition to this, 12 lakhs pages digitized data of Committee and Commission Reports as per holdings of CSL is also available on line. The well equipped reading hall with very well stocked reference sources collection is available for its users. CSL has well furnished medium conference room for conducting office meetings and also Computer Room for conducting training courses etc.

2. Zonal Cultural Centres (ZCCs): Zonal Cultural Centres have been conceptualized with the aim of projecting cultural kinships, which transcend territorial boundaries. The idea is to arouse and deepen awareness of the local cultures and to show how these merge into zonal identities and eventually into the rich diversity of India's composite culture. These centers have already established themselves as a premier agency in the field of promotion, preservation and dissemination of culture in the entire country. Apart from promoting performing arts, also make a significant contribution in the associated field of literary and visual arts. The ZCCs are engaged in the major activities like Shilpgrams for promotion and marketing facilities to the craftsmen & documentation of vanishing folk art forms.

The Seven Zonal Cultural Centres established by the Ministry are : (i) North Zone Cultural Centre, Patiala; (ii) Eastern Zonal Cultural Centre, Kolkata; (iii) South Zone Cultural Centre, Thanjavur; (iv) West Zone Cultural Centre, Udaipur; (v) North Central Zone Cultural Centre, Allahabad; (vi) North East Zone Cultural Centre, Dimapur and (vii) South Central Zone Cultural Centre, Nagpur. The participation of various states in more than one Zonal Cultural Centre according to their cultural linkage is a special feature of the composition of the Zonal Centres.

3. Sangeet Natak Akademi: The Sangeet Natak Akademi was set up in 1953 for the promotion of performing arts. The Akademi acts at National level for the promotion and growth of Indian music, dance and drama; for the maintenance of standards of training in the performing arts; for the revival, preservation, documentation and dissemination of materials as well as instruments relating to various forms of music, dance and drama and for the recognition of outstanding artists.

4. Lalit Kala Akademi: Lalit Kala Akademi is a national organization to foster and co-ordinate activities in the sphere of creative visual arts and to promote the cultural unity of the country.

5. Sahitya Akademi: Sahitya Akademi has been set up for the development of Indian literature and to set high literary standards to foster and co-ordinate literary activities in all the Indian languages and to promote through them cultural unity of the country.

6. Festival of India: The Festival of India abroad and reciprocal festivals of other countries in India was started in 1982 with the objective of projecting India's rich cultural heritage and contemporary creativity abroad as well as bringing to the people of India a panorama of the life, tradition and culture of a foreign country in a comprehensive way to promote better understanding of the dynamics of continuity and change, tradition and innovation, values and perceptions of each other. Moreover, these festivals promote Indian Culture and traditions abroad as well as attract tourists from foreign countries by familiarizing the people with various tourist places in India and multiple facets of Indian culture. The Festival of India have so far been held in the UK, USA, Japan, Sweden, Germany, China and Thailand. The Festival of France, USSR, Japan Sweden, China and Germany were held in India on reciprocal basis.

7. Indira Gandhi National Centre for the Arts (IGNCA): IGNCA was established as an autonomous trust in 1987. It is a center established for encompassing study and experience of all the arts, each form with its own integrity, yet within the dimension of mutual interdependence. The IGNCA seeks to underpin through its programmes of collection of resource material and fundamental research in the field of arts and humanities, the inter-relationship with the disciplines of science, physical and material metaphysics, anthropology and sociology. The funds for running the academic programmes and meeting the administrative expenditure of the center are met out of the interest out of the corpus fund. Funds have also been allotted to the center for undertaking projects and for its building programmes.

8. National School of Drama (NSD): NSD was established in 1959 which imparts training and propagates dramatics in the country.

9. National Gallery of Modern Art (NGMA), New Delhi: Founded in 1954, the National Gallery of Modern Art is a unique institution that represents the evolution and pictorial transformation in the visual arts in India over the last century. The main objectives of the NGMA are to create an understanding and sensitivity among the Indian Public towards the visual and plastic arts in general, and to promote the development of contemporary Indian art in particular. The NGMA maintains a functional branch at Jehangir Public Hall at Mumbai and another branch at Bangalore.

The collection of NGMA built up primarily through purchase and gifts, comprises of 17,813 paintings, sculptures, graphics and photographs dating back to 1857 and represents works of about 1742 contemporary artists from all over the country.

10. The Asiatic Society, Kolkata: The Asiatic Society founded in 1784 by Sir William Jones is a unique institution having served as a fountainhead of all literary and scientific activities. The Government has declared the Society as an institution of national importance.

11. Centre for Cultural Resources and Training (CCRT): Centre for Cultural Resources and Training is an autonomous organization for linking culture with education. CCRT organizes a variety of programmes to achieve specific objectives for enrichment of Indian educational system with the Cultural content.

12. Assistance to Dance, Drama and Theatre **Ensembles:** Under this scheme, assistance in the form of salary grant and production grant is given to well established voluntary cultural organizations for promoting the cultural heritage of the country.

13. Gandhi Peace Prize: In 1995 as part of the celebration of the 125th Anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, Government of India announced the institution of an annual international Gandhi Peace Prize for social, economic and political transformation through non-violence and other Gandhian methods. The recipient is selected by a Jury, headed by Hon'ble Prime Minister of India. The prize carries an award of Rs.1.00 crore or equivalent in foreign currency, a plaque and a citation.

14. The National Cultural Fund (NCF): NCF was set up under the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 and seeks financial support of the State Governments, statutory bodies, private corporate sector, societies, individuals and even from the United Nations and its associate bodies, for cultural-related endeavors. NCF encourages private partnership, especially from corporate sectors, in the area of preservation of monuments and thus promotion of cultural heritage.

15. Centenaries and Anniversaries Celebration -:

15. 01. Celebration of Birth Centenary of Lal Bahadur Shastri – Funds have been provided for construction of Polytechnics at Manda Village (UP), and a Women Polytechnic Institute at Solsinda (MP) and for meeting the recurring expenditure towards Lal Bahadur Shastri Chair in the Institute of Defence Studies and Analysis (IDSA) set up as part of Lal Bahadur Shastri centenary celebrations.

15. 02. Celebration of 150th Anniversary of First War of Independence, 1857: The Group of Ministers (GOM) has been constituted with the approval of the Hon'ble PM to draw up the outline of the programmes to be organized to commemorate the 150th Anniversary of the First War of Independence, 1857. In order to celebrate the event in a befitting manner during 2007-08 and 2008-09, the provision has been made. The programmes are proposed to be continued during 2009-10 and 2010-11also.

15.03. Celebration of **2550th** Anniversary of **Mahaparinirvana of Lord Buddha**: A National Committee under the Chairmanship of the Hon'ble Prime Minister has been constituted to chalk out the programmes in connection with the celebrations for 2550th Anniversary of the Mahaparinirvana of Lord Buddha. Funds have been provided for the commemorative events.

15.04. Financial Support for Khalsa Heritage Project. To commemorate 300 years of the Birth of the Khalsa in Anandpur Saheb, the Project Khalsa Heritage Complex was conceived by the Government of Punjab in 1999. The Central Government had announced a grant of Rs.100 crores to commemorate the Tri-Centenary of the birth of Khalsa in the year 1999-2000.

Others: Others include Central Institute of Higher Tibetan Studies, Central Institute of Buddhist Studies, Gandhi Smriti and Darshan Samiti, Nava Nalanda Mahavira, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad Institute of Asian Studies, Kalakshetara and schemes of Award of Scholarship to Artist in the field of Performing, Literary and Visual Arts (Fellowships to Outstanding artistes), Assistance to persons distinguished in Art, creating a National Artists' Welfare Fund, Financial assistance for Tribal/ Folk Arts, Financial assistance for Himalayan Arts, Financial Assistance to Buddhist/ Tibetan Institutions, Centenaries and Anniversaries Celebrations (Celebration of 150th Birth Anniversary of Guru Rabindranath Tagore and Swami Vivekananda), Maintenance of National Memorials (Development of Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel Memorials and Development & Upkeep of Rajendra Prasad Memorial, National Gandhi Heritage Site Mission), Dandi Heritage Corridor, Construction of Memorial at Dandi, Guru-ta-Gaddi, Building Grants to Cultural Organizations, Financial Assistance to Cultural Organizations with National Presence (Asst. Cultural Organizations in India - R.K. Mission), Asiatic Society, Mumbai, Financial Assistance for Research Support to Voluntary Organizations engaged in Cultural Activities (Development of Cultural Organizations), Tawang Monastery and Tibet House.

In addition to the above, schemes such as Development of Jallianwala Bagh Memorial, Asiatic Society, Mumbai, Scheme for the Safeguarding and other Protective Measures in the area of Intangible Heritage and Cultural Diversity (arising out of UNESCO Convention), Plan Scheme for Promotion and Dissemination of Awareness about Indian Culture and Heritage, Cultural Heritage Volunteers Scheme (CHV), Pilot Scheme for Cultural Industries, Centre for Management of Cultural Resources, Setting up of National Centre for Performing Art and scheme for Indian Literature Abroad will be taken up for their implementation during 2010-11.

17. Archaeological Survey of India (ASI): The Archaeological Survey of India was set up in 1861 with the primary object of surveying antiquarian remains in this country and their study. ASI is an attached office of the Ministry of Culture. Its main functions are preservation, conservation and environmental development of centrally protected monuments and sites, including World Heritage Monuments and antiquities, maintenance of gardens & development of new gardens surrounding centrally protected monuments and sites, exploration and excavation of ancient sites, specialized study of inscription and various phases of Indian architecture, maintenance of Archaeological site Museums, Operation of the Antiquities and Art Treasures Act, 1972 and research and training in different areas of Archaeology. It has 3675 centrally protected monuments comprising pre-historic stone-age sites, temples mosques, churches and forts. A provision of Rs. 8.00 crore has also been included for the Externally Aided Project, "Ajanta – Ellora Conservation and Tourism Development Project". A National Mission for Monuments & Antiquities has also been made operationalised in the ASI. In connection with Commonwealth Games-2010, ASI has selected 46 monuments for attending to special repair and up-gradation of amenities in the monuments located in Delhi so as to boost the image of the country.

18. National Archives of India: The National Archives of India, an attached office in the Ministry of Culture, is the Central Repository of non-current records of enduring value belonging to the Ministries and Departments of the Government of India. It also acquires and preserves private papers of eminent Indians and microfilm copies of records of Indian interests from abroad. It provides facilities for historical research and promotes archives on scientific lines through the School of Archival Studies, which runs many courses in this discipline. It has regional office at Bhopal and record centers at Jaipur, Puducherry, and Bhubaneswar.

19. National Museum: National Museum established in 1949 is a subordinate office under Ministry of Culture. The main activities of the museums include (i) Bringing out publication on art and culture; (ii) Acquisition and Conservation of Art objects; (iii) Organizing exhibitions in India and abroad; (iv) Production of replicas of selected masterpieces of Indian Sculptures; (v) Audio visual and other educational activities including outreach programmes.

20. National Council of Science Museums (NCSM): National Council of Science Museums is primarily engaged in popularizing science and technology by organizing exhibitions and seminars, training programmes for science teachers, students, young entrepreneurs, technicians etc. The Council has national level centers at Kolkata, Bangalore, Mumbai and Delhi; besides, small centers at 26 other places. Out of 26 Science Museums, 6 are of National level, 11 Regional level and 9 are Sub-regional/ District level.

21. Science Cities: In order to portray the growth of science and technology and their application in industry, human welfare and environment, with a view to develop scientific attitude and temper and to create, inculcate and sustain a general awareness amongst the people, Science Cities are being set up.

22. Anthropological Survey of India: The Anthropological Survey of India was established in 1945. It conducts bio-cultural investigation/ research on Indian population, collects and preserves documents of scientific interest about the people of India. The Survey through its anthropological research contributes in respect of the biological, social and cultural heritage of the country. Presently, the Anthropological Survey of India is in a reorientation mode to develop infrastructure and equip itself of the technological innovations across the world in order to reap their benefits for the human welfare in this country.

23 Nehru Memorial Museum and Library, New Delhi: The Museum is responsible for collection of books, newspapers, unpublished references, private papers, photographs, film takes and also translation of important papers relating to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. It is also responsible for preservation of papers of the national leaders of modern India.

24. Indian Museum, Kolkata : Indian Museum, an autonomous organization of Ministry of Culture, inter-alia is engaged in re-organization and renovation of galleries and also in obtaining ethnographic specimen and techno socio and economic cultural data. It houses a large number of ancient collections of precious artifacts and sculptures.

25. Salar Jung Museum: Salar Jung Museum is an autonomous organization under the Ministry of Culture. It is engaged in conservation, preservation, acquisition of art objects of historical importance and educational activities such as exhibitions, popular lectures, gallery talks, seminars etc.

26. Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Manav Sangrahalaya (IGRMS), Bhopal: IGRMS is an autonomous organization under the Ministry of Culture. IGRMS is Museum conceived as a growing movement to depict the story of human kind in time and space highlighting human biological and cultural evolution with special reference to India and to revitalize the living Museum of the country with its varied tapestry of cultures and community knowledge systems. It is being developed around general anthropology as its cultural discipline and it seeks to attain its objective by setting (1) indoor museum with extensive galleries and (2) outdoor complex permanent open-air exhibition.

27. Other Programmes: This provides for Victoria Memorial Hall (VMH), Kolkata which is an autonomous organization and is a repository of contemporary art relevant to a period depicting art history of freedom struggle. National Research Laboratory for Conservation of Cultural Property, a subordinate office, was established in 1976 to carry out research in the methods of conservation of cultural property, provide technical assistance to museums, archeological departments and others. Apart from these two, other institutions/ schemes include Allahabad Museum, National Museum Institute, Promotion and Strengthening of Local Museums and a new Scheme for Modernisation of Museums in Metro Cities has been launched.

28. National Library, Kolkata: It serves as a prominent repository of all reading and information materials produced in India as well as abroad concerning India. It has a rich collection of Persian, Sanskrit, Arabic and Tamil manuscripts and also rare books. It is the recipient library under the Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954 and the repository library in South Asia.

29. Delhi Public Library (DPL): Established in 1951, it has been providing free library services to the citizens of Delhi. It is a recipient library under the Delivery of Books and Newspapers (Public Libraries) Act, 1954.

30. Raja Ram Mohun Roy Library Foundation, Kolkata: Established in 1972, it aims to promote and support public library movements in the country by providing adequate library services through assistance and by developing reading habits all over the country.

31. Other Libraries: These include Central Reference Library, Kolkata, Central Library, Mumbai, Khuda Baksh Oriental Public Library, Patna; which is nearly 100 years old and has a rich collection of old and rare books and manuscripts; Rampur Raza Library, Thanjavur Maharaja Serfoji's Saraswati Mahal Library, Thanjavur; and Connemera Library, Chennai, etc. In addition, National Mission for Preservation of Manuscripts. Setting up of a National Mission on Libraries leading to the formation of a Commission, National Archives for Audio Visual Materials have been included.

32. Provision for Project/Schemes of NE Area and Sikkim: The provision is utilized for implementing projects / scheme for North Eastern Region and Sikkim by various organizations/ schemes.

33. Building Projects: Provision is for the Building projects of Attached/ Subordinate office of the Ministry.